

SUPERVISOR'S USE ONLY

91100



QUALIFY FOR THE FUTURE WORLD KIA NOHO TAKATŪ KI TŌ ĀMUA AO!

Level 2 English, 2016

91100 Analyse significant aspects of unfamiliar written text(s) through close reading, supported by evidence

2.00 p.m. Thursday 17 November 2016 Credits: Four

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
Analyse significant aspects of unfamiliar written text(s) through close reading, supported by evidence.	Analyse significant aspects of unfamiliar written text(s) convincingly through close reading, supported by evidence.	Analyse significant aspects of unfamiliar written text(s) perceptively through close reading, supported by evidence.	

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should attempt ALL the questions in this booklet.

Pull out Resource Booklet 91100R from the centre of this booklet.

If you need more room for any answer, use the extra space provided at the back of this booklet.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–8 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

Excellence

TOTAL

20

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Refer to Text A, "The Kumara Harvest", on page 2 of the resource booklet to answer this question.

Analyse how the writer explores his connection to the beach setting.

In your answer you should include examples of techniques used in the text, and explain their effects. (These might include, but are not limited to: contrast, personal pronouns, and personification.)

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highs and cows just like wares. It allows us to grow and develop us a person and you really tind out who you are when you are going through some at the hardest times in your lite. However it is easy to get stack in the negatives but it will get better and just like a ware it will break and roll and you will more on

The final line used by the writer is "I wonder if he'll ever tell me and I wonder it I'll be there for him to tell" the writer is falking about his son fature unild and the repetition or the wonder is used to show the writers uncertainity about his tature and on the fact that was it him having a tomily at all the passage begins with the witer jacking about his own experiences as a child as the beach then unto his what he sees at the beach now and finally outo his future son at the beach we see that a constant throughout the writers life is his connection to the beach and his different connections to it throughout his life

QUESTION TWO: POETRY

Refer to Text B, "Cloudburst", on page 3 of the resource booklet to answer this question.

Analyse how the writer explores the ways people cope with a flood.

In your answer you should include examples of techniques used in the text, and explain their effects. (These might include, but are not limited to: listing, allusion, and personal pronouns.)

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and as long as people's invunince companies pay out they move on. the This is in stark comparison to some of the event happening in todays society where people are killed and their homes destroyed by terrorist bumbings. They will never be the same and no amount of insurance claims can bring back a lost lived ones.

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Refer to Text C, "Best New Zealand Poems 2005", on page 4 of the resource booklet to answer this question.

Analyse how the writer shows that New Zealand poetry is different from other poetry.

In your answer you should include examples of techniques used in the text, and explain their effects. (These might include, but are not limited to: contrast, metaphor, and tone.)

NEW ZEALAND different 110M 400104 The That WHILLY SHEWI poets from uther COUNTRIES pulling 64 down and then England, morking Mus m France like and poems. Thus Zealand complimenting and praying New differentiating the two clearly EAVVAIRING Zenland NOW uver other puetvy. anote " New Zealand is particually gord at 140 UJ es lets poems Of vanietu 1601 KIAN encourage Zeniandi abilitu 10 dutterent EUPES praise NOW because down shutting IGEM instead U1 forms 04 prems ceilnin expectation. metaphor dont Meet ih W graenev gardening, printing NEW ZENIAUD NI DUI ME PIRISES PATAIJ New Inis sending to Letting inem grow. 5M god already showing poetry in vegard high poetry darlay MUM Zealand Evench distinguished Then uses The anote (he WITHI With Zealand nresente d New JULGATON puet, When Ø. 11 responded that some WULL 1000 MJ. New Zouland disregarding French poet reference HATER TIALLY This intention allu -MIBHILALIA 11 1401 160 WINTER Then detend New Zealand can While the Jame eime MOURING ulher mungh the Trench MIVITER Makes 11 seem aJ The didnt believe New Zealand AFAL) 1hnt COULD

produce wett excellent poems. This is wed to reinforce New Zealands 'alternative' way to poetry and that New Zenland poetry is modern and auterent and that reject oner More Massical poets reject and thin Their noses up at the throng thought of unything different

Excellence exemplar 2016

Subject: English		Standard:	91100	Total score:	20			
Q	Grade score Annotation							
1	1	E7	This answer provides some perceptive analysis. This can be seen, for instance, where the candidate discusses the technique of <u>listing</u> and links this to the example of "good lonely". This is then explored by explicitly stating the waves reference life experiences, linking ups and downs to the rolling of waves, tying this to previous events from the passage, and linking progress to moving on as a wave breaks and rolls. This exploration is supported by a general framing of temporal movement in the passage.					
2	1	E7	This answer provides some perceptive analysis in the discussion of the technique of sarcasm . The technique is linked to an appropriate example and then explored, the candidate suggesting a reason for the tone might be to mock people's response to (or ways of coping with) a disaster. For instance, the word "suffered" is said to "inflate" the event in order to exaggerate the idea of survival. The candidate perceptively argues that the author has a dim view of this human coping mechanism.					
3	1	This answer provides evidence of convincing analysis. The comparative aspect of the answer is made clear in the first paragraph. Convincing analysis can be seen through the way the metaphor "nurturing" is discussed as a "gardener tending to poems and letting them grow" as a way of understanding how different genres of poetry are encouraged and not shut down. The comparison with French poetry is completed through the section explaining the writer's mockery of French poetry and New Zealand's "alternative" approach.				icing s w" as a aged ction		